

NikudQuest®

tzeireh






# What is...?

● ● has  dots side by side.

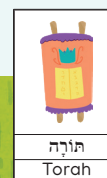
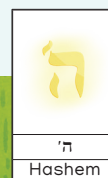
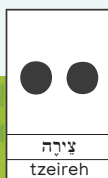
One dot is like a  and one dot is like .

When we , we can feel our  burning like a .

and reaching up to feel close to . When we learn ,

we can quench our thirst for knowledge with the calm  of

. Our  needs both  and .





צִירָה

tzeireh

מַ	מ	..
----	---	----

צַ	צ	..
----	---	----

◀ 11

נַ	נ	..
----	---	----

ןַ	ן	..
----	---	----

◀ 12

יַ	י	..
----	---	----

הַ	ה	..
----	---	----

◀ 13

םַ	ם	..
----	---	----

◀ 14







Blend the syllables out of alphabetical order.

י	י	..
---	---	----

פ	פ	..
---	---	----

6

ע	ע	..
---	---	----

י	ע	..
---	---	----

7

ל	ל	..
---	---	----

כ	כ	..
---	---	----

8

ע	ע	..
---	---	----

ד	ד	..
---	---	----

9

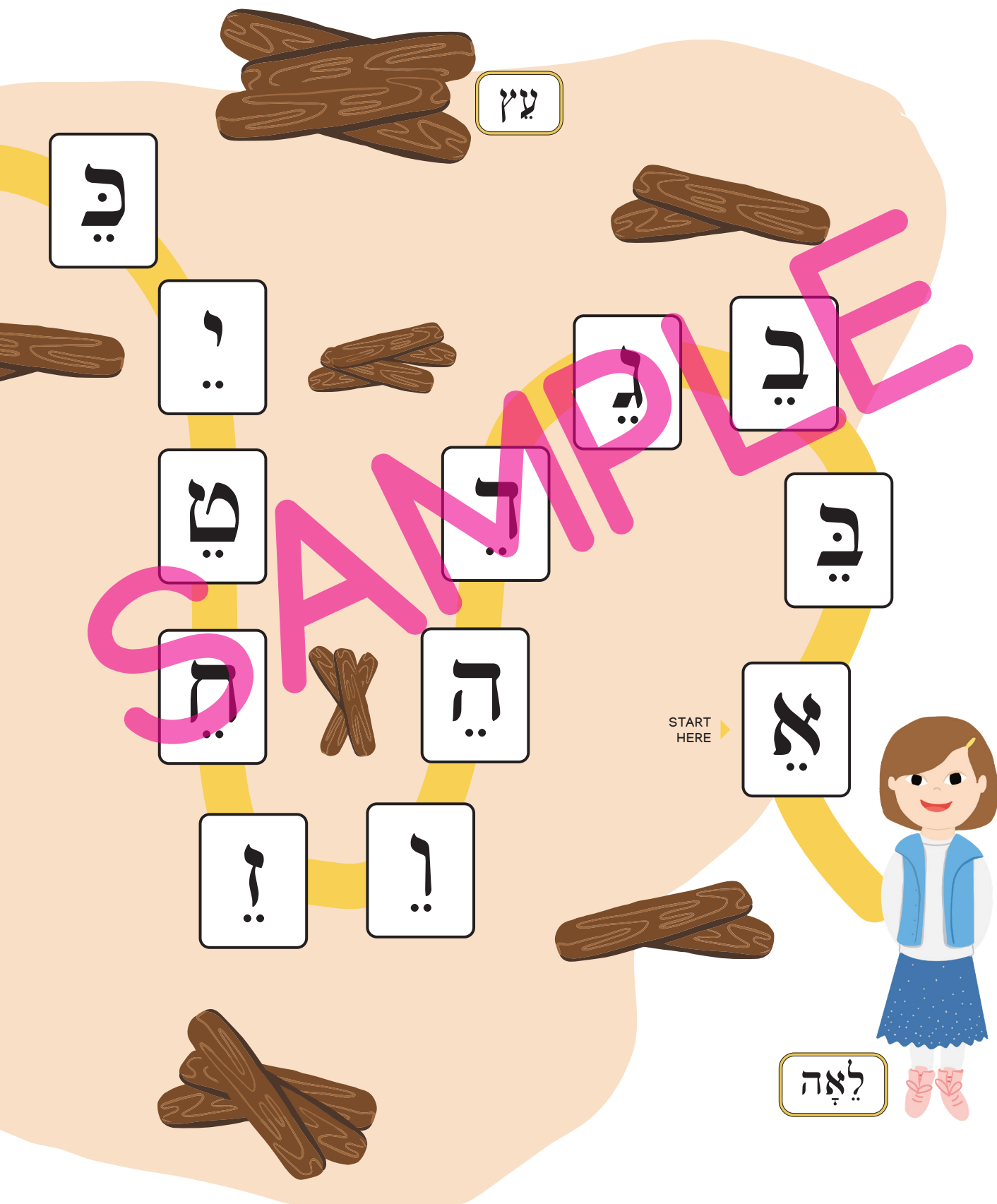
ז	ז	..
---	---	----

ב	ב	..
---	---	----

10

Read the tzeireh syllables to help Leah collect wood for the fire.







Listen to the word and fill in the missing nikudah.

For Sefardic or Modern Hebrew pronunciation, kamatz and patach may be interchangeable.

שֵׁכֵן



shachin (neighbor)

שֵׁקֵד



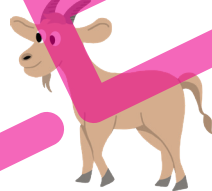
shakid (almond)

חֵבֵר



chaver (friend)

עֵז



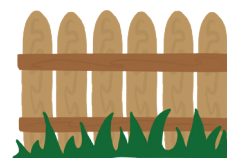
oiz (goat)

הֵלֵל



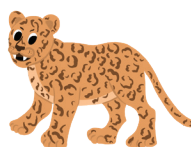
Hallel

גֵּדֵר



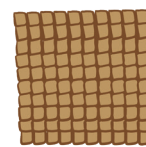
gader (fence)

נֵמֵר



namer (leopard)

מֵאָה



ma'ah (one hundred)

מָגֵן



magen (shield)

שֵׁם



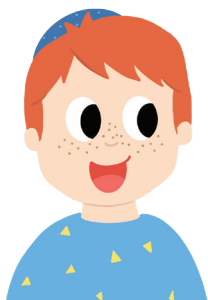
shem (name)





Listen to the word and fill in the missing nikudah.

Asher



אֲשֶׁר

Leah



לֵאָה

NIKUDAH BANK

וּ

---

־־־





Read a short story.

## כָּשָׁר



לְאַחֵר<sup>1</sup> שָׁעָה, נָתַן  
אֶכֶל כָּשָׁר כָּשָׁר.



נָתַן שָׁתָה  
חֵלֶב כָּשָׁר.



נָתַן חֵלֶב  
אֶת הַפָּרָה.

1: after

עֵץ



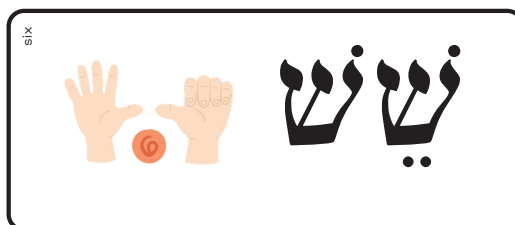
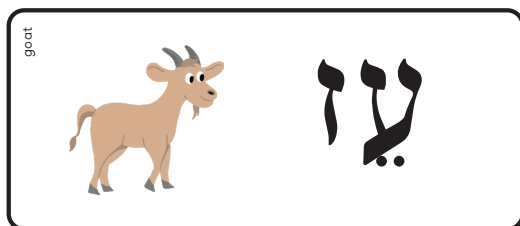
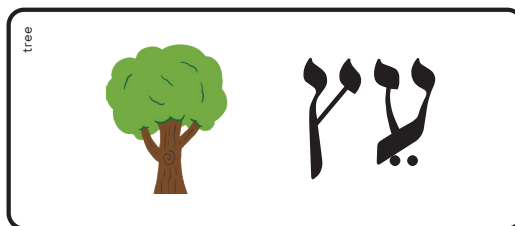
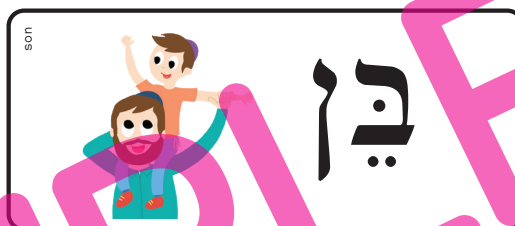
בִּיצָה



קו

# SINGLE-SYLLABLE WORDS

Read the single-syllable words.





## How old are they?

בְּנֵי כַּמָּה הֵם?

- Sometimes, the English translation of a Hebrew sentence may not be word-for-word or literal because different languages have different ways of gluing words together.

The son is a year old.

הַבֵּן בֶּן שָׁנָה.

◀ 1

Asher is five years old.

אַשֶׁר בֶּן חָמֵשׁ.

◀ 2

Shachar is five years old.

שַׁחַר בֶּן חָמֵשׁ.

◀ 3

Chay is six years old.

חַיָּה בֵּת שֵׁשׁ.

◀ 4

Leah is six years old.

לֵאָה בֵּת שֵׁשׁ.

◀ 5

The brother is nine years old.

הָאָח בֶּן תֵּשַׁע.

◀ 6

The great-grandfather is one hundred years old.

סָבָא רַבָּא בֶּן מֵאָה.

◀ 7



Read numbers.



five  
חֲמִשָּׁה

one  
אַחַת

1

nine  
תֵּשַׁע

six  
שֵׁשׁ

2

one hundred  
מֵאָה

ten  
עֶשְׂרֵה

3



## Step 11

PREFIX: WHEN LAMED  
MEANS 'TO THE'

When the prefix lamed has a kamatz, patach or segol, it means 'to the'. The kamatz, patach, or segol takes the place of a hey.

$$\text{לָ} / \text{לֶ} = \text{לְ} + \text{הֵ}$$

3	2	1
לִיעֵר	יעֵר	לִיעֵר
to the forest	forest	to the

נָתַן הַלֶּךְ לִיעֵר.

- לְ also means "to the".

לִיעֵר






Step 10

PREFIX: LAMED – TO

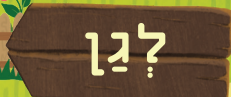
When the letter lamed is attached to the beginning of a noun, it means 'to' that noun. A letter we attach to the beginning of a word is called a prefix.



3	2	1
Word	Noun	Preposition
לֵגֶן 	גֶּן 	ל־ 
to a garden	garden	to

אֲשֶׁר הֵלֵךְ לֵגֶן.

Asher went to a garden.







Read a short story.

6



לֵאָה דָּגָה  
דָּג לִסְבָּא.

5



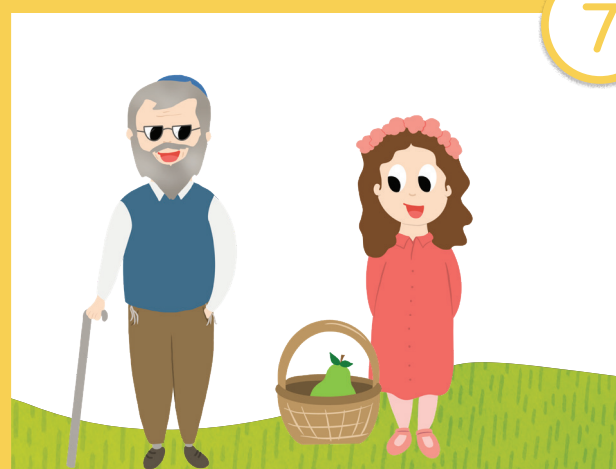
אֲשֶׁר נָתַן חֵלֶב  
קֹר לִסְבָּא.

8



סְבָא שָׂמַח!

7

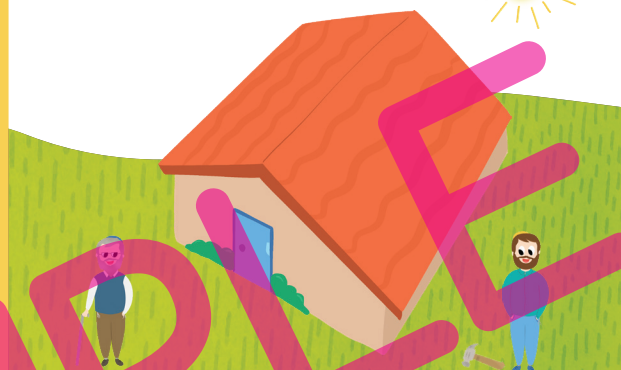


חַיָּה שָׂמָּה אֲנִים  
בִּסֵּל לִסְבָּא.



# לִסְבָּא

1



אָבא בָּנָה גֵּג  
חֲזָק לִסְבָּא.

2



אֲשֶׁר בָּנָה גֵּדֵר  
עֵץ לִסְבָּא.

3



נָתַן קָנָה נֶעֱל  
חֲדָשָׁה לִסְבָּא.

4



נִשְׁחַר עָשָׂה מֶרֶק  
חֶם לִסְבָּא.



Read a short story.



# הַשָּׁכֵן

"אין  
פיצה!"



"אין פיצה,"  
אמר איש.



אשר רצה  
פיצה.

"יש לך  
פיצה?"



"כן, קח  
פיצה!"



אשר הלך  
לשכן.



## Checkpoint!

Are you ready to move on? When you can read 7 out of 8 sentences and match them to the correct pictures, you can move on to the next section! Each sentence needs to be read in 4 seconds or less in order to move forward.

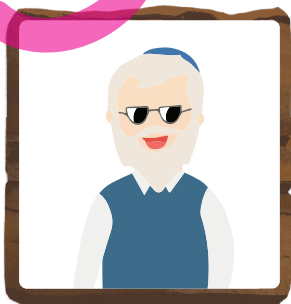


לְלֹאֶה יֵשׁ חֵבְרָה.



לְסִבָּא יֵשׁ זָקֵן<sup>1</sup> לָבָן.

1: beard



לְאָב יֵשׁ בֵּן.



לָקֵן יֵשׁ בִּיצָה.



How many  
phrases did you  
read and match  
correctly?

FIRST TRY:

SECOND TRY:

THIRD TRY:



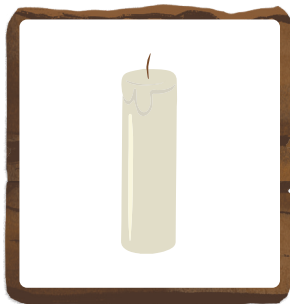
לֵּי צֶן יֵשׁ נֶעַל.



לֵּנָר אֵין אֵשׁ.



לֵּעֶז יֵשׁ אֶף.



לֵּעֶז יֵשׁ זָנָב.



# tzeireh



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לה"ו  
THIS TZEIREH GUIDE  
BELONGS TO: